

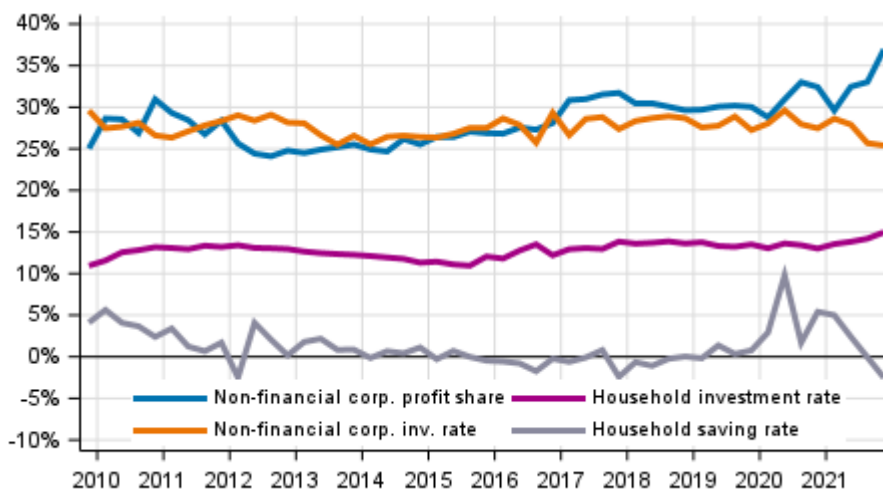
Quarterly sector accounts

2021, 4rth quarter

Households' saving rate fell in the fourth quarter

Households' saving rate fell in October to December from the previous quarter. Consumption expenditure grew and disposable income decreased slightly. Households' investment rate remained on level with the previous quarter. The profit share of non-financial corporations grew by 3.9 percentage points from the previous quarter. The growth in the profit share is caused by the substantial growth in operating surplus. The operating surplus grew strongly because value added grew by 6.7 per cent but compensation of employees paid remained on level with the previous quarter. The investment rate of the non-financial corporations sector was on level with the previous quarter. These data derive from Statistics Finland's quarterly sector accounts.

Key indicators for households and non-financial corporations, seasonally adjusted



The key figures were calculated from seasonally adjusted time series. Sector accounts are calculated only at current prices. However, an indicator describing the development adjusted for price changes is calculated for households' adjusted disposable income. The profit share, saving rate and investment rate are calculated from net figures, from which consumption of capital is removed. The households sector does not include non-profit institutions serving households.

Households

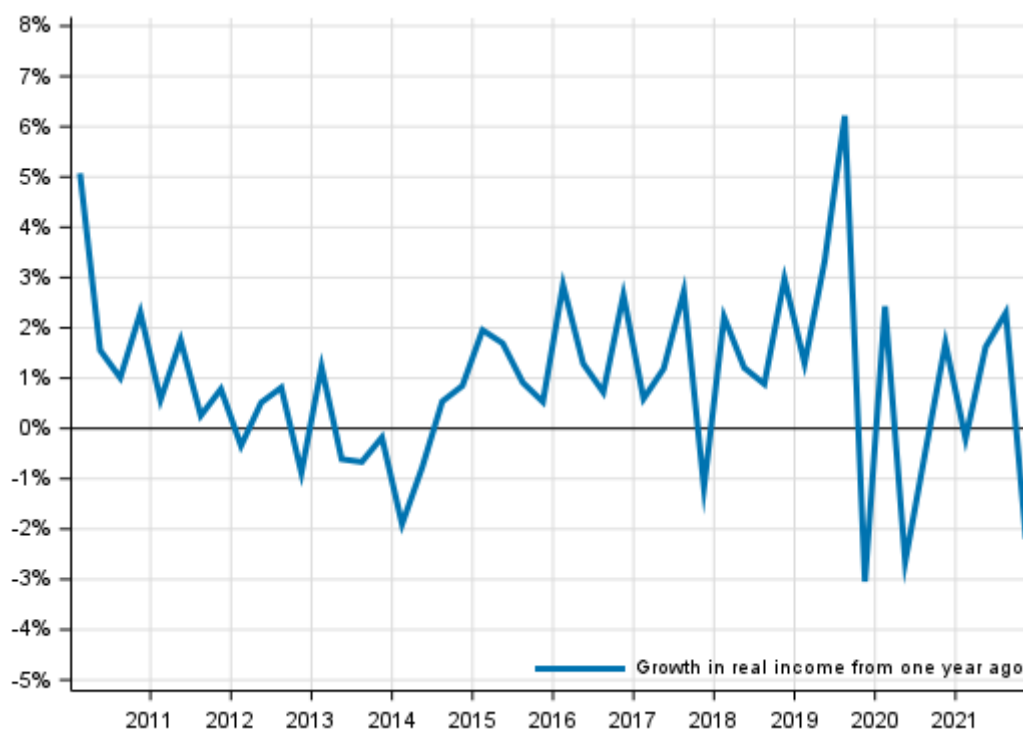
Households' seasonally adjusted saving rate went down again clearly from the data of the previous quarter and stood at -2.5 per cent in October to December. The saving is derived by deducting consumption expenditure from disposable income. The saving is negative if households' disposable income is lower than households' consumption expenditure. The saving rate refers to the share of households' savings in disposable income. In the fourth quarter of 2021, households' disposable income decreased, and consumption expenditure grew compared with the previous quarter. The saving turned negative and thus the saving rate decreased clearly compared with the previous quarter.

Households' seasonally adjusted investment rate grew slightly from the previous quarter, being 15.0 per cent. The investment rate is the ratio of households' investments to disposable income. Most of households' investments are investments in dwellings. While households' investments grew slightly, and disposable income decreased, the investment rate grew, although not significantly.

Compared with the corresponding quarter last year, households' disposable income decreased by around EUR 0.3 billion in the fourth quarter of 2021. The key components of disposable income on the income side are wages and salaries received, entrepreneurial and property income, and social benefits received. The biggest expense items are taxes paid and social contributions. In the fourth quarter of 2021, wages and salaries received increased by EUR 1.2 billion and property income received by an estimated EUR 0.6 billion, entrepreneurial income remained more or less on level with the previous year, and, once the employment situation improved, social security benefits received declined by EUR 0.5 billion compared with the figures of one year ago. On the expense side, taxes paid grew by close on EUR 1.5 billion and social contributions paid by households themselves by around EUR 0.2 billion compared with the corresponding period of the previous year. Social contributions paid by employers are visible for households both as part of compensation of employees received and as part of social contributions paid, and the considerable growth in these figures is mainly due to the temporary lowering of employers' employment pension contributions when the pandemic started, and now the contribution is again at the previous level.

When individual services produced by the public sector and non-profit institutions, such as educational, health and social services, are added to disposable income, the concept of adjusted disposable income can be attained. Adjusted disposable income is the indicator recommended by the OECD for evaluating the economic well-being of households. In the fourth quarter of 2021, households' adjusted disposable income grew at current prices by 0.8 per cent and adjusted for price changes, it decreased by -2.2 per cent from the corresponding quarter of the year before. The indicator describing the development of adjusted disposable income adjusted for price changes can be found in Appendix table 3 of this publication.

Volume development of households' adjusted disposable income



Compensation of employees paid by non-profit institutions serving households increased by 4.9 per cent compared with the particularly low quarter of one year ago. The activities of many associations have clearly recovered in the field of sport and culture. The shutdowns started in late 2022 due to the spreading of the omicron variant are not yet visible in these figures.

In these statistics, the households sector only covers the actual households sector S14. Sector S15, non-profit institutions serving households, is calculated and published separately. The households sector in Eurostat's publications also includes the data for sector S15. Another difference to Eurostat's publication is in how consumption of fixed capital is taken into account. Eurostat publishes investment and saving rates as gross figures, i.e. including consumption of fixed capital. Net data are used in these statistics, that is, when consumption of fixed capital is taken into account, the saving rate decreases, and the investment rate increases.

Non-financial corporations' profit share grew in the last quarter

In the fourth quarter of 2021, the seasonally adjusted profit share of non-financial corporations grew by 3.9 percentage points to 36.9 per cent. The profit share refers to the share of the operating surplus in value added. The operating surplus is calculated by deducting from value added compensation of employees paid and other taxes on production and by adding to it received subsidies on production. In the last quarter of 2021, the relative growth in value added was clearly faster than the growth in compensation of employees, which increased the operating surplus. No significant changes took place in taxes on products or subsidies on production. In October to December, the level of subsidies on production was still higher than prior to the pandemic.

The investment rate of non-financial corporations, or the proportion of fixed capital investments in value added remained on level with the previous quarter, at 25.4 per cent. Seasonally adjusted investments grew in relative terms more slowly than value added.

Profits of financial and insurance corporations grew

Seasonally adjusted value added in financial and insurance corporations grew by 10.8 per cent from the previous year's corresponding quarter. Output went up by 12.0 per cent and intermediate consumption by 12.9 per cent. The operating surplus describing profits in the sector was EUR 0.7 billion in the last quarter and it grew by 16.6 per cent. Compensation of employees paid, in turn, grew by 8.0 per cent from one year ago.

Property income and property expenditure in the sector grew from the respective quarter of the year before. The property income of financial and insurance corporations grew by 11.3 per cent, or by around EUR 0.3 billion. Property expenditure amounted to 148.9 per cent, or around EUR 3.2 billion more than in the corresponding quarter of the year before. Property items includes dividends, interests and reinvested earnings. The strong growth in property expenditure is particularly caused by the payment of dividends in the banking sector. The prohibition on payment of dividends by banks ended in September and the banks paid unpaid dividends for 2019 and 2020 in October.

Value added and operating surplus describe the income that is generated from providing financial services to the public. It does not include property income or holding gains of securities.

Financial position of general government improved from one year ago

Consolidated total general government revenue grew by EUR four billion, while consolidated total expenditure decreased by EUR 0.5 billion from the previous year's corresponding quarter. The difference between revenue and expenditure, that is, the financial position of general government, was EUR 57 million in deficit.

The statistics on quarterly sector accounts examine general government as a whole. More detailed information on quarterly sector accounts of general government can be found in the statistics on general government revenue and expenditure where the sub-sectors are specified:

http://www.stat.fi/til/jtume/index_en.html

International trade increased in the fourth quarter of 2021

The current priced value of exports of goods abroad from Finland amounted to EUR 20.6 billion in the fourth quarter of 2021, which was 23.9 per cent more than in the corresponding quarter one year ago. The value of imports of services was EUR 9.2 billion, which was 17.8 per cent more than one year ago. The value of imports of goods to Finland amounted to EUR 19.7 billion, which was 36.9 per cent more than one year ago. The value of imports of services amounted to EUR 9.0 billion, which was 24.4 per cent more than in the corresponding quarter one year ago. The balance of goods and services showed a surplus of EUR 1.1 billion in the fourth quarter of 2021.

Property income received from abroad was EUR 0.2 billion lower than property income paid abroad. Property income includes dividends, interests and reinvested earnings. Current transfers paid abroad from Finland were EUR 0.8 billion higher than current transfers paid from abroad to Finland. The most significant current transfer item is the GNI payment paid by the state to the EU. The current account was EUR 0.1 billion in surplus in the fourth quarter of 2021.

Data and methods used

The quarterly data become revised as source data are updated. The biggest revisions take place for the last two to three years, because the data in the annual accounts are still preliminary. The data in this publication are based on the data sources available by 2 March 2022. The data for 1999 to 2020 mainly correspond with the annual sector accounts of the National Accounts.

The saving rate, profit share and investment rate in the quarterly publication of sector accounts are net amounts, i.e. consumption of fixed capital has been removed from the figures. In addition, financial

accounts data on the stock of households' loan debts are used in calculating households' indebtedness rate. The indebtedness rate is presented adjusted and non-adjusted for seasonal variation in the database table of sector accounts. The indebtedness rate from figures non-adjusted for seasonal variation is published by financial accounts. The key indicators in these statistics were calculated as follows:

$$\text{Households' saving rate} = B8N / (B6N+D8R)$$

$$\text{Households' investment rate} = P51K / (B6N+D8R)$$

$$\text{Households' indebtedness rate} = F4 / B6N$$

$$\text{Profit share of non-financial corporations} = B2N / B1NPH$$

$$\text{Investment rate of non-financial corporations} = P51K / B1NPH$$

The indicator of households' adjusted disposable income is calculated using the price data of the statistics on quarterly national accounts, with which the components of adjusted disposable income are deflated. Households' disposable income is deflated with the implicit price index of household consumption expenditure. Price data are also available for the consumption of non-profit institutions serving households. As a methodological shortcoming, general government individual consumption expenditure has to be deflated with the total general government consumption expenditure for lack of more accurate data. The volume time series was formed with the annual overlap method.

Contents

Tables

Appendix tables

Appendix table 1. Key indicators from sector accounts (time series unadjusted for seasonal variation).....	7
Appendix table 2. Key indicators from sector accounts (seasonally adjusted).....	9
Appendix table 3. Development of household adjusted disposable real income.....	10

Figures

Appendix figures

Appendix figure 1. Households' saving rate.....	11
Appendix figure 2. Households' investment rate.....	11
Appendix figure 3. Non-financial corporations' profit share.....	12
Appendix figure 4. Non-financial corporations' investment rate.....	12

Revisions in these statistics.....	13
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Appendix tables

Appendix table 1. Key indicators from sector accounts (time series unadjusted for seasonal variation)

	Non-financial corporations (S11) profit share, %	Non-financial corporations (S11) investment rate, %	Household (S14) saving rate, %	Household (S14) investment rate, %	Household (S14) indebtedness ratio, %
2011Q1	26.1	25.3	-0.1	11.9	110.8
2011Q2	28.4	26.7	6.5	12.1	111.3
2011Q3	22.6	28.8	-1.0	15.6	112.1
2011Q4	34.9	28.6	1.0	13.0	112.3
2012Q1	22.3	27.8	-6.8	12.2	113.0
2012Q2	23.9	28.1	9.2	12.6	114.0
2012Q3	19.9	30.3	0.6	15.3	114.5
2012Q4	32.1	28.5	-0.4	12.4	114.9
2013Q1	20.3	27.2	-1.5	11.4	114.7
2013Q2	24.3	26.3	6.7	12.2	114.9
2013Q3	21.5	26.3	-0.4	14.5	115.3
2013Q4	32.9	26.9	0.3	11.6	115.1
2014Q1	20.6	24.6	-4.5	10.9	116.1
2014Q2	24.1	26.1	5.8	11.9	117.0
2014Q3	22.7	27.3	-0.7	13.7	117.6
2014Q4	32.9	26.8	0.7	10.6	117.5
2015Q1	21.8	25.5	-3.8	10.3	117.4
2015Q2	26.0	26.3	5.4	11.4	118.3
2015Q3	23.6	28.2	-1.1	12.8	118.9
2015Q4	34.2	27.9	-1.2	10.9	119.7
2016Q1	22.6	27.6	-2.5	10.6	119.5
2016Q2	27.4	27.4	3.7	13.0	121.0
2016Q3	23.9	26.3	-3.3	15.5	122.3
2016Q4	34.7	30.0	-1.6	11.1	122.4
2017Q1	27.3	25.1	-2.9	11.6	122.9
2017Q2	30.6	28.3	5.1	13.4	123.6
2017Q3	28.5	29.6	-0.9	14.9	124.3
2017Q4	37.7	28.1	-4.1	12.8	125.4
2018Q1	27.1	26.5	-2.1	12.6	125.6
2018Q2	30.0	28.5	3.2	14.0	126.6
2018Q3	27.1	29.9	-1.9	15.4	127.7
2018Q4	35.8	29.5	-1.4	12.8	127.0
2019Q1	26.3	25.7	-1.9	12.8	127.6
2019Q2	29.4	27.6	7.0	13.5	127.6
2019Q3	27.3	29.9	3.2	13.8	126.4
2019Q4	36.2	28.2	-7.1	13.5	128.0
2020Q1	24.8	26.3	1.5	12.2	128.3
2020Q2	30.2	29.6	14.3	14.2	130.2
2020Q3	30.0	29.0	5.4	13.8	131.9
2020Q4	39.2	28.1	-2.3	12.8	132.6
2021Q1	25.8	26.9	3.5	12.6	133.8
2021Q2	32.0	27.7	6.5	14.4	134.8
2021Q3	30.5	26.3	4.5	14.6	134.5

	Non-financial corporations (S11) profit share, %	Non-financial corporations (S11) investment rate, %	Household (S14) saving rate, %	Household (S14) investment rate, %	Household (S14) indebtedness ratio, %
2021Q4	42.2	26.5	-10.7	14.8	135.9

Appendix table 2. Key indicators from sector accounts (seasonally adjusted)

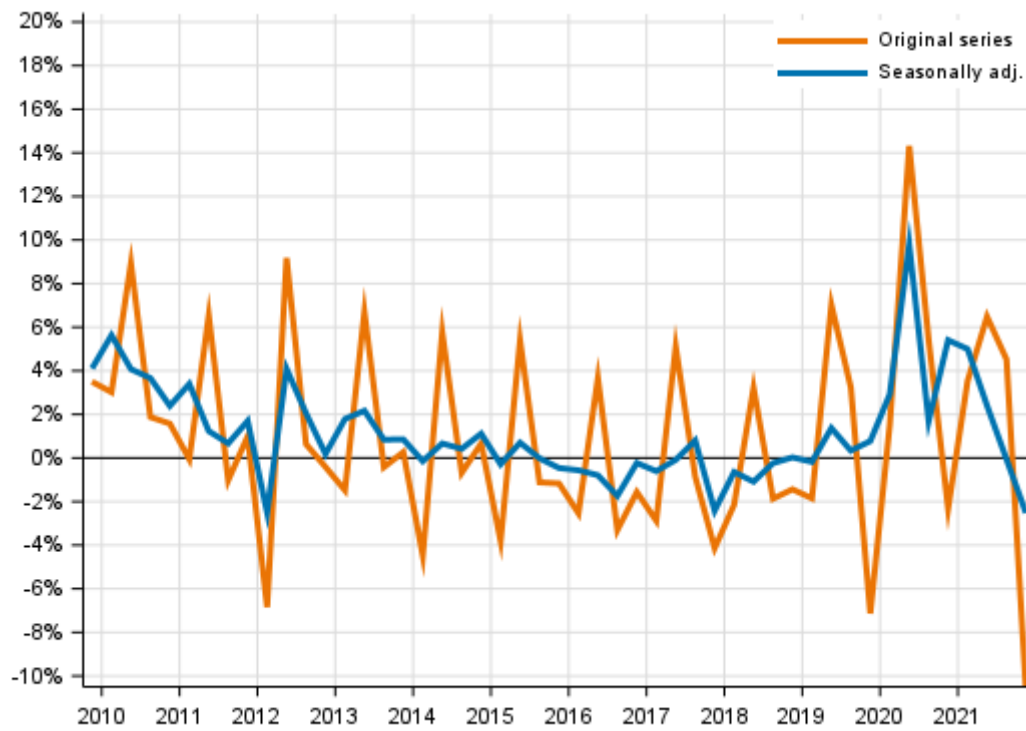
	Non-financial corporations (S11) profit share, %	Non-financial corporations (S11) investment rate, %	Household (S14) saving rate, %	Household (S14) investment rate, %	Household (S14) indebtedness ratio, %
2011Q1	29.3	26.3	3.4	13.1	111.0
2011Q2	28.4	27.1	1.2	12.9	111.1
2011Q3	26.7	27.8	0.7	13.4	111.7
2011Q4	28.4	28.3	1.7	13.2	112.2
2012Q1	25.7	29.0	-2.5	13.4	113.2
2012Q2	24.4	28.4	4.1	13.1	113.8
2012Q3	24.1	29.1	2.1	13.0	114.1
2012Q4	24.8	28.2	0.2	13.0	114.9
2013Q1	24.5	28.1	1.8	12.6	115.1
2013Q2	24.9	26.6	2.2	12.5	114.9
2013Q3	25.2	25.5	0.8	12.3	115.0
2013Q4	25.5	26.6	0.9	12.3	115.2
2014Q1	24.9	25.5	-0.1	12.1	116.3
2014Q2	24.7	26.4	0.7	11.9	116.8
2014Q3	26.2	26.6	0.4	11.8	117.3
2014Q4	25.5	26.4	1.1	11.3	117.6
2015Q1	26.4	26.4	-0.3	11.4	117.8
2015Q2	26.4	26.8	0.7	11.1	118.3
2015Q3	27.1	27.5	0.0	11.0	118.7
2015Q4	26.9	27.5	-0.5	12.0	119.7
2016Q1	26.8	28.6	-0.6	11.8	120.0
2016Q2	27.5	27.9	-0.8	12.8	121.2
2016Q3	27.3	25.7	-1.7	13.5	122.1
2016Q4	28.1	29.3	-0.2	12.2	122.5
2017Q1	30.8	26.6	-0.6	12.9	123.2
2017Q2	31.0	28.6	-0.1	13.1	123.6
2017Q3	31.5	28.8	0.8	13.0	124.0
2017Q4	31.7	27.4	-2.4	13.8	125.4
2018Q1	30.4	28.3	-0.6	13.6	125.8
2018Q2	30.5	28.7	-1.1	13.7	126.4
2018Q3	30.1	28.9	-0.2	13.9	127.3
2018Q4	29.6	28.7	0.0	13.6	127.1
2019Q1	29.7	27.6	-0.2	13.8	128.0
2019Q2	30.1	27.8	1.4	13.3	128.0
2019Q3	30.2	28.9	0.3	13.2	128.1
2019Q4	30.0	27.3	0.8	13.5	128.2
2020Q1	28.8	28.0	2.9	13.0	128.5
2020Q2	30.9	29.6	9.8	13.6	129.9
2020Q3	33.0	28.0	1.7	13.4	131.7
2020Q4	32.4	27.5	5.4	13.0	132.7
2021Q1	29.6	28.6	5.0	13.5	134.0
2021Q2	32.5	27.9	2.4	13.8	134.4
2021Q3	33.0	25.7	-0.1	14.2	134.2
2021Q4	36.9	25.4	-2.5	15.0	136.0

Appendix table 3. Development of household adjusted disposable real income

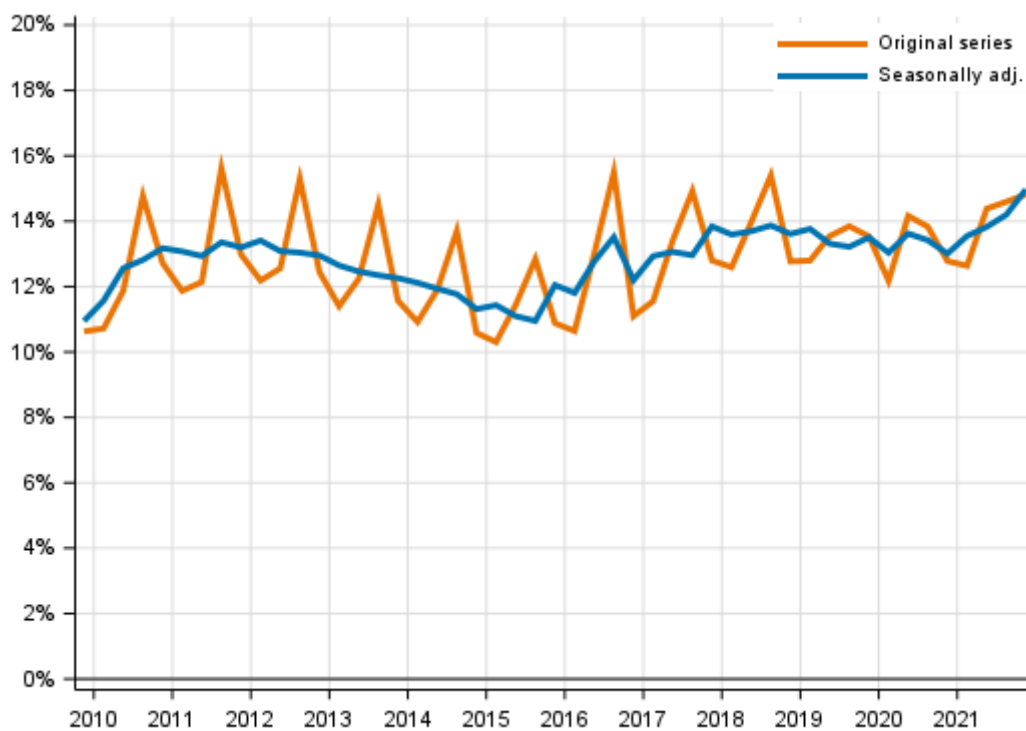
	Household adjusted disposable income, EUR bil.	Change in value from one year ago, %	Volume indicator (1999=100)	Change in real income from one year ago, %
2011Q1	31.6	3.7	122.8	0.6
2011Q2	36.2	5.3	139.6	1.8
2011Q3	33.6	4.0	128.9	0.3
2011Q4	35.9	4.3	137.0	0.8
2012Q1	32.5	2.8	122.4	-0.3
2012Q2	37.6	3.8	140.3	0.5
2012Q3	34.9	4.1	130.0	0.8
2012Q4	36.6	2.0	135.7	-0.9
2013Q1	33.7	3.9	123.9	1.2
2013Q2	38.3	1.7	139.5	-0.6
2013Q3	35.5	1.6	129.1	-0.7
2013Q4	37.4	2.2	135.5	-0.2
2014Q1	33.7	-0.1	121.5	-1.9
2014Q2	38.4	0.5	138.4	-0.8
2014Q3	36.1	1.7	129.8	0.5
2014Q4	38.1	1.9	136.7	0.8
2015Q1	34.5	2.5	123.9	2.0
2015Q2	39.3	2.3	140.7	1.7
2015Q3	36.6	1.3	131.0	0.9
2015Q4	38.4	0.9	137.4	0.5
2016Q1	35.4	2.6	127.4	2.9
2016Q2	39.8	1.3	142.5	1.3
2016Q3	36.9	0.8	131.9	0.7
2016Q4	39.4	2.6	141.0	2.7
2017Q1	35.9	1.5	128.2	0.6
2017Q2	40.6	1.9	144.2	1.2
2017Q3	38.1	3.4	135.5	2.7
2017Q4	39.3	-0.3	139.4	-1.2
2018Q1	37.1	3.2	131.0	2.2
2018Q2	41.6	2.4	146.0	1.2
2018Q3	39.1	2.5	136.7	0.9
2018Q4	41.2	4.7	143.5	3.0
2019Q1	38.1	2.6	132.7	1.3
2019Q2	43.6	4.8	150.8	3.3
2019Q3	41.9	7.4	145.2	6.2
2019Q4	40.3	-2.1	139.1	-3.0
2020Q1	39.6	4.0	136.0	2.4
2020Q2	42.9	-1.6	146.8	-2.6
2020Q3	42.3	0.8	144.5	-0.5
2020Q4	41.3	2.5	141.5	1.7
2021Q1	40.0	0.9	135.7	-0.2
2021Q2	44.3	3.4	149.2	1.6
2021Q3	44.1	4.4	147.9	2.3
2021Q4	41.6	0.8	138.4	-2.2

Appendix figures

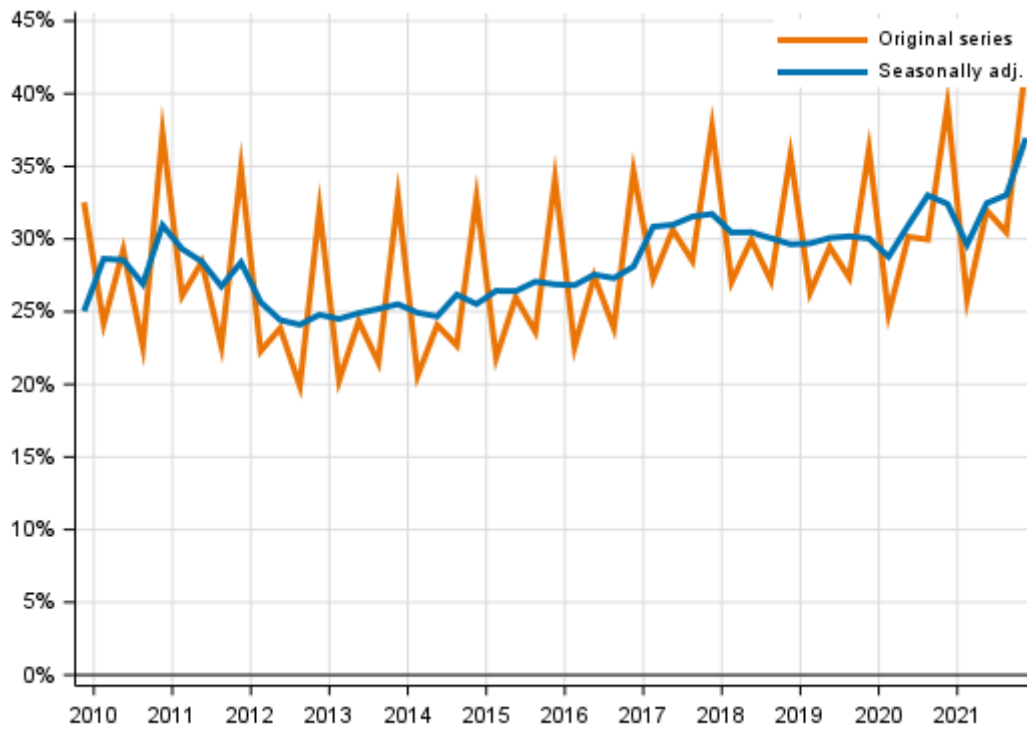
Appendix figure 1. Households' saving rate



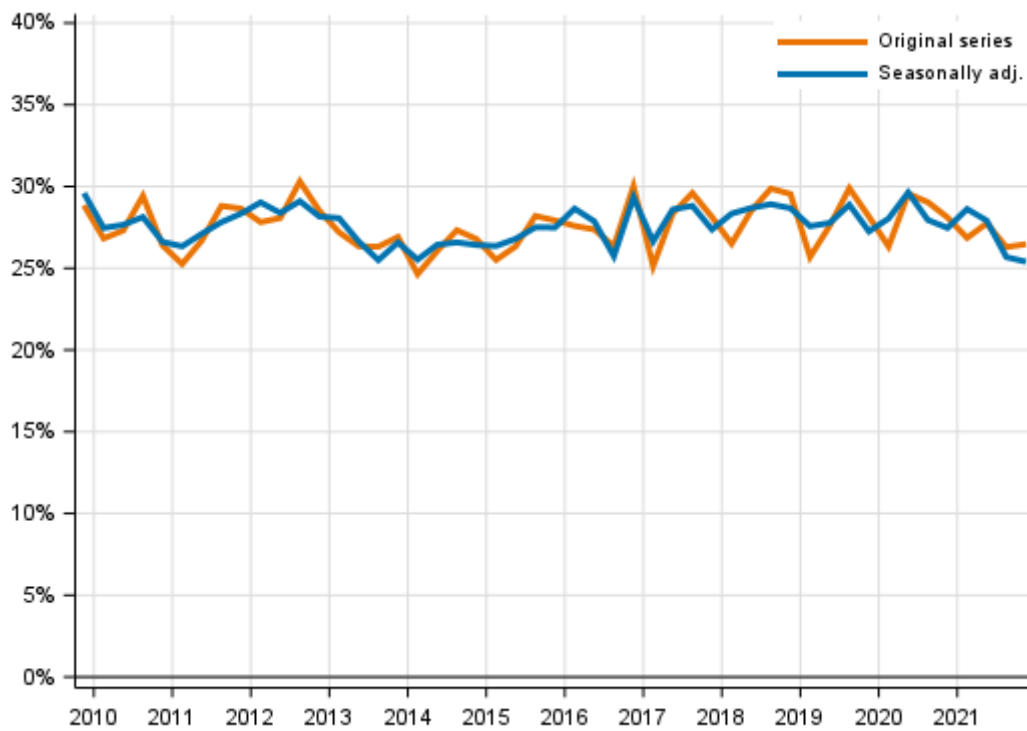
Appendix figure 2. Households' investment rate



Appendix figure 3. Non-financial corporations' profit share



Appendix figure 4. Non-financial corporations' investment rate



Revisions in these statistics

Revisions to the latest quarters' seasonally adjusted key indicators since their initial publications.

		1st release (%)	Latest release (15.03.2021) (%)	Revision (% pts)
Non-financial corporations (S11) profit share	2020Q4	29.0	32.4	3.4
	2021Q1	30.1	29.6	-0.5
	2021Q2	31.9	32.5	0.6
	2021Q3	31.6	33.0	1.4
Non-financial corporations (S11) investment rate	2020Q4	27.0	27.5	0.5
	2021Q1	27.8	28.6	0.8
	2021Q2	27.0	27.9	0.9
	2021Q3	24.9	25.7	0.8
Household (S14) saving rate	2020Q4	7.2	5.4	-1.8
	2021Q1	5.5	5.0	-0.5
	2021Q2	2.9	2.4	-0.5
	2021Q3	0.6	-0.1	-0.7
Household (S14) investment rate,	2020Q4	12.8	13.0	0.2
	2021Q1	13.5	13.5	0.0
	2021Q2	13.3	13.8	0.5
	2021Q3	14.0	14.2	0.2

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Source: Sector accounts, Statistics Finland